

Hello! Year 3

150 Questions on Essays, Paragraphs, Emails, punctuation & Structure

2021

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Choose the correct answer:

1-Which of the following expresses purpose?

- A) The castle is located on top of the hill**
- B) I didn't go to work because I was ill.**
- C) I listen to the radio to improve my listening skill.**
- D) He was put in prison as he refused to pay the bill.**

2-"Dear Sir" is a greeting usually used when writing -----.

- A) a financial report**
- B) a friendly letter**
- C) a formal email**
- D) an informal email**

3-Your essay introduction should include a/an ----- that presents your main point.

- A) a summary of arguments**
- B) convincing conclusion**
- C) direct question**
- D) thesis statement**

4-When you conclude an essay, you should -----.

- A) bring up new ideas**
- B) summarize the main points**
- C) thank the reader for reading your great essay**
- D) apologize to the reader for writing such a long essay.**

5-When you start writing an essay about the problem of overpopulation, you can use:

- A)Moreover, overpopulation can cause other serious problems like the depletion of resources.**
- B) Despite the efforts exerted worldwide, the world population is increasing at an alarming rate.**
- C) To sum up, world countries have to do something quickly before it is too late.**
- D) In addition, overpopulation has a negative effect on the economy of every country.**

6-Which of the following does a good thesis statement include?

- A) using difficult vocabulary
- B) encouraging the reader to read other essays written by you
- C) writing down your sources of information
- D) expressing one main idea

7-Which of the following is correctly punctuated?

- A) Nora why didn't you do the dishes!
- B) Nora Why didn't you do the dishes.
- C) Nora, why didn't you do the dishes?
- D) Nora why you didn't do the dishes?

8-Which of the following is correctly punctuated?

- A) Mother said, "Why didn't you do the dishes, Nora?"
- B) Mother said, "why didn't you do the dishes, Nora?"
- C) Mother said, "Why didn't you do the dishes Nora?"
- D) Mother said "Why didn't you do the dishes, Nora?"

9. Which of the following sentences is structurally correct?

- A) He told if I needed further information, I could call him
- B) He wondered if I needed further information, I could call him
- C) He asked if I needed further information, I could call him
- D) He said if I needed further information, I could call him

10. Which of the following sentences has the correct structure?

- A) This bottle of medicine has to shake before it is used.
- B) This bottle of medicine has to be shaken before it is used.
- C) This bottle of medicine has shaken before it is used.
- D) This bottle of medicine has been shaking before it is used.

11-'When he arrived at the airport, the plane had taken off.' The word 'WHEN' here has the same meaning as -----.

- A) While
- B) Unless
- C) After
- D) Before

12-'When the rain had stopped, they went out.' The word 'WHEN' here has the same meaning as -----.

- A) While B) Unless C) After D) Before

13-When writing an essay, you can use the word 'although' to -----.

- A) give an example of something
B) attract the reader's attention
C) contrast two ideas or statements
D) give an opinion

14-On writing on the advantages of modern technology, we can use ----

- A) Addiction to using modern technology can cause health problems.
B) Modern technology causes social isolation.
C) Modern technology provides us with easier, faster and more effective communication.
D) Modern technological devices and gadgets are the most distracting things nowadays.

15. Which are conjunctions?

- A) be, go, do B) but, so, or
C) by, to, at D) I, me, him

16. Which are defined as "words that join or connect parts of a sentence"?

- A) prepositions B) determiners
C) conjunctions D) interrogatives

17. Which is the base form of the verb?

- A) am B) be C) was D) have been

18. A gerund is a noun form created by adding _____ to the base form of a verb.

- A) -er B) -ed C) -ing D) -est

19. In the sentence "Come here!", the verb is -----.

- A) imperative B) transitive
C) interrogative D) regular

20. Which doesn't take a direct object?

- A) a main verb
- B) a transitive verb
- C) an intransitive verb
- D) an action verb

21. Which can be linking verbs?

- A) will, can, may
- B) be, seem, look
- C) see, tell, give
- D) send, receive, play

22. "You should try to eat more fruit." Which is the modal verb?

- A) should
- B) try
- C) to eat
- D) fruit

23. *Oh, how stupid! I've left the key in the car.* 'Oh' here is a/an -----.

- A) pronoun
- B) preposition
- C) conjunction
- D) interjection

24. Which is a phrasal verb?

- A) turn on
- B) come here
- C) have a turn
- D) good-looking

25. A/An ----- is used for expressing an emotion such as surprise, anger, or happiness.

- A) Interjection
- B) Conjunction
- C) Gerund
- D) adverb

26. Superlative adjectives and adverbs describe the most extreme degree. Which are examples?

- A) brave and bravely
- B) braver and more bravely
- C) bravest and most bravely
- D) hard and hardly

27. Comparative adjectives and adverbs compare two degrees. Which are examples?

- A) clear and clearly
- B) clearer and more clearly
- C) clearest and most clearly
- D) unclear and clarity

28. Which of the following is correctly punctuated?

- A) The manager asked, "Why are our profits down"?
- B) The manager asked, "Why are our profits down?"
- C) The manager asked, Why are our profits down?
- D) The manager asked why our profits are down?

29. Which of the following is correctly punctuated?

- A) If your self-employed, its a whole new world out there.
- B) If you're selfemployed, it's a whole new world out there.
- C) If you're self-employed, its a whole new world out there.
- D) If you're self-employed, it's a whole new world out there.

30. Which one of these is a sentence?

- A) Tuesday often makes shoe.
- B) I can drive but I hate.
- C) It rained all day yesterday.
- D) All day yesterday.

31. Which are demonstrative pronouns?

- A) my, our, their
- B) this, these, those
- C) who, which, that
- D) me, him, them

32. What is missing in this sentence?

'she always works late on Friday.'

- A) a capital letter
- B) a verb
- C) a comma
- D) a question mark

33- Which one of these ISN'T a sentence?

- A) I'll have two teas and a cheese roll, please.
- B) Two teas and a cheese roll
- C) I'll have a cheese roll.
- D) My favourite lunch is a cup of tea and a cheese roll.

34. What's wrong with this sentence?

'Last week, on a bright sunny day with no clouds in the sky, on my way to the shops.'

- A) It is too long.
- B) It needs a question mark.
- C) It needs an exclamation mark.
- D) It doesn't make sense.

35- Which of these sentences has the correct punctuation?

- A) May I request a copy of your catalogue.
- B) May I request a copy of your catalogue?
- C) may I request a copy of your catalogue?
- D) may I request a copy of your catalogue

36- Which of these sentences has the correct punctuation?

- A) I look forward to hearing from you.
- B) I look forward to hearing from you,
- C) i look forward to hearing from you.
- D) I look forward to hearing from you

37- Which one of these is a sentence?

- A) I would like to apply for.
- B) I would like to apply for the job advertised.
- C) Would like to apply for the job advertised.
- D) The job advertised.

38- What's missing in this sentence? 'Last week Ahmed a girl called Nora at the bus stop.'

- A) a subject
- B) a verb
- C) an exclamation mark
- D) a semicolon

39. Which of the following sentences is structurally correct?

- a) Scientists have recently developed nanotechnology capable of computation at the atomic level.
- b) Scientists newly have developed nanotechnology capable of computation at the atomic level.
- c) Scientists have still developed nanotechnology capable of computation at the atomic level.
- d) Scientists to recently develop nanotechnology capable of computation at the atomic level.

40. Which sentence is structurally correct?

- a) The Concord, which was fastest in the world jet, could reach New York from London is approximately 2 and 1/2 hours.
- b) The Concord, which was the fastest of the world jet, could reach New York from London is approximately 2 and 1/2 hours.
- c) The Concord, which was the world's fastest jet, could reach New York from London is approximately 2 and 1/2 hours.
- d) The Concord, which was fastest jet world, could reach New York from London is approximately 2 and 1/2 hours.

41. There is hardly any doubt that nanotechnology is very beneficial to man. This sentence could be the thesis of an essay about -----.

- a) the disadvantages of modern technology
- b) the merits of nanotechnology
- c) the reasons why we no longer use modern technology
- d) why we have doubts about the benefits of nanotechnology

42-When you write the conclusion of your essay, you -----.

- a) ask too many questions
- b) ask the reader to read the essay several times
- c) give too many examples
- d) summarize its content

43-We use 'for instance' in a paragraph or in an essay to -----.

- a) give examples
- b) show surprise
- c) express regret
- d) introduce a new idea

44. Someone who is ----- is proficient in at least 3 languages.

- a) monolingual
- b) bilingual
- c) multilingual
- d) multitasking

45. Standard English (S.E.) is the spelling, pronunciation and grammar used by _____ native English speakers.

- a) educated
- b) uneducated
- c) multilingual
- d) ignorant

46. Which is a synonym of "international English"?

- a) Global English
- b) Native English
- c) Australian English
- d) Canadian English

47. The main language you heard and learned in childhood is your -----.

- a) standard language
- b) second language
- c) native language
- d) foreign language

48. A sentence like "Cows eat grass", in which the subject performs the action of the verb, is in the -----.

- a) active voice
- b) passive voice
- c) past simple
- d) future simple

49. An interrogative word or sentence is used when -----.

- a) making a statement
- b) giving an order
- c) asking a question
- d) showing surprise

50. "My sister needs a new computer." Which is the subject?

- A) My sister
- B) needs
- C) a new computer
- D) My sister needs

51. "My sister needs a new computer." Which is the object?

- A) My sister
- B) needs
- C) a new computer
- D) My sister needs

52. Word groupings based on a word's function in a sentence, such as *noun*, *verb*, *adverb* and *adjective*, are called

- A) base forms
- B) parts of speech
- C) vocabulary explanation
- D) infinitives and gerunds

53. The singular noun is woman and the _____ noun is women.

- A) multiple
- B) plural
- C) abstract
- D) concrete

54. Had he been aware of the side effects of the drug, he wouldn't have taken it. This means that -----.

- A) He was aware of the side effects of the drug, but he took it.
- B) He took the drug because he was aware of its side effects
- C) He took the drug because he was not aware of its side effects
- D) The drug had no side effects, so he took it.

55. The words 'a', 'an' and 'the' are called -----.

- A) articles
- B) auxiliaries
- C) interjections
- D) phrasal verbs

56. Words like 'can't', 'shan't', 'won't', etc. are called -----.

- A) auxiliaries
- B) contractions
- C) abbreviations
- D) prepositions

57. Nouns like 'Egypt', 'President Sadat', 'Lake Nasser', etc. are called -----.

- A) plural nouns
- B) proper nouns
- C) compound nouns
- D) countable nouns

58. 'password', 'raincoat', 'fireman', etc. What kind of nouns are these?

- A) uncountable nouns
- B) collective nouns
- C) compound nouns
- D) abstract nouns

59. Words like 'but', 'as soon as', 'despite', etc. are called -----.

- A) conjunctions
- B) pronouns
- C) determiners
- D) possessives

60. Verbs like 'break down', 'get up', 'put off' are called -----.

- A) modal verbs
- B) linking verbs
- C) phrasal verbs
- D) auxiliary verbs

61. 'Make up one's mind' and 'kill two birds with one stone' are examples of ----.

- A) idioms
- B) quotes
- C) proverbs
- D) exclamations

62. 'Odd', 'strange' and 'weird' are -----.

- A) nouns
- B) adverbs
- C) synonyms
- D) interjections

63. 'broken', 'chosen' and 'founded' are examples of -----.

- A) irregular verbs
- B) past participles
- C) past simple forms
- D) gerunds

64. Which tense best describes something that happened in the past and still has impact today?

- A) past simple
- B) present perfect
- C) past continuous
- D) present simple

65. Name the verb forms in this sentence: *They had been playing tennis for four hours when it got too dark to continue.*

- A) past perfect continuous + past simple
- B) past perfect active + past simple passive
- C) present perfect continuous + past simple
- D) future simple + past continuous

66. Which of the following is the preposition 'in' typically used with?

- A) times of the day
- B) days of the week
- C) months of the year
- D) centuries and days of the week

67. Which of the following is structurally correct?

- A) I haven't hardly started to think about my exam.
- B) I have hardly started to think about my exam.
- C) I have started to think about my exam hardly.
- D) I have started to think hardly about my exam.

68. Which of the following is structurally correct?

- A) The candidate promised not to raise taxes when elected.
- B) The candidate promised not to rise taxes when elected.
- C) The candidate promised not to arise taxes when elected
- D) The candidate promised not to arouse taxes when elected

69. Which sentence is structurally correct?

- A) The suspects were questioned right after the crime was committed by the detectives.
- B) By the detectives the suspects were questioned right after the crime was committed.
- C) The suspects were by the detectives questioned right after the crime was committed.
- D) The suspects were questioned by the detectives right after the crime was committed.

70. Which of the following is structurally correct?

- A) Nora whose research on health effects of air pollution was well-known was invited to speak at a conference.
- B) Nora, whose research on health effects of air pollution was well-known, was invited to speak at a conference.
- C) Nora which research on health effects of air pollution was well-known was invited to speak at a conference.
- D) Nora that research on health effects of air pollution was well-known was invited to speak at a conference.

71. Choose a synonym for the word 'amazing'?

- A) silly
- B) unbelievable
- C) ordinary
- D) frustrating

72. Which is NOT a synonym for the word 'interesting'?

- A) fascinating
- B) intriguing
- C) lively
- D) limited

73. The AROMA of the fresh-baked bread made me hungry.

- A) smell
- B) shop
- C) price
- D) amount

74. Which word is a synonym for the underlined word?

That book is funny, but a bit strange, too.

- A) funny
- B) scary
- C) odd
- D) long

75. Which word is a synonym for the underlined word?

I typed in the wrong password for my email.

- A) long
- B) correct
- C) incorrect
- D) funny

76. The closest synonym to the word 'omit' is -----.

- A) Require B) Add C) Steal D) Delete

77. The closest synonym to the word 'urge' is -----.

- A) Encourage B) Look C) Criticize D) Attend

78. The closest antonym to the word 'unusual' is -----.

- A) Deceased B) Analytic C) Strange D) Ordinary

79. The closest antonym to the word 'fortunate' is -----.

- A) Good B) Straight C) Unlucky D) Strong

80. The closest antonym to the word 'sadly' is -----.

- A) madly B) gladly C) angrily D) fearfully

81. A pronoun is a word that replaces -----.

- A) an adjective B) a verb
C) a noun D) a preposition

82. Which are capitalized at all times?

- A) proper nouns B) compound nouns
C) possessive pronouns D) uncountable nouns

83. Which sentence has the correct structure?

- A) The Eiffel Tower is as popular a tourist attraction than the Leaning Tower of Pisa.
B) The Eiffel Tower is as popular a tourist attraction as the Leaning Tower of Pisa.
C) The Eiffel Tower is as popular a tourist attraction that the Leaning Tower of Pisa.
D) The Eiffel Tower is as more popular a tourist attraction than the Leaning Tower of Pisa.

84. Which sentence has the correct structure?

- A) It is certain that Chinese is more difficult to learn than English.
- B) Certain it is that that Chinese is more difficult to learn than English.
- C) It is certainly that Chinese is more difficult to learn than English.
- D) Certainly is Chinese is more difficult to learn than English.

85. Unless he does his job well, he'll be fired. This means that -----.

- A) He didn't do his job well, so he was fired.
- B) He was fired because he didn't do his job well.
- C) He will be fired if he doesn't do his job well.
- D) He would have been fired if he hadn't done his job well.

86. Had I known that you wanted to read the book, I would have returned it immediately.

This means that -----.

- A) I didn't know that you wanted to read the book, so I didn't return it immediately.
- B) I knew you wanted to read the book, but I didn't return it immediately.
- C) Although I returned the book immediately, I didn't know that you wanted to read it.
- D) Knowing that you wanted to read the book, I returned it immediately.

87. Which of the following sentences is structurally correct?

- A) Children bringing up in a home where two parents work is a difficult task indeed.
- B) Children to bring up in a home where two parents work is a difficult task indeed.
- C) Children brought up in a home where two parents work is a difficult task indeed.
- D) Children who brought up in a home where two parents work is a difficult task indeed.

88. Which of the following sentences is structurally correct?

- A) It was such a bad weather that we decided to cancel the party.
- B) It was so bad weather that we decided to cancel the party.
- C) It was so bad a weather that we decided to cancel the party.
- D) It was such bad weather that we decided to cancel the party.

89. Which determiner is an article?

- A) an
- B) my
- C) one
- D) but

90. Learning the parts of speech helps learners to _____ correctly.

- A) pronounce words
- B) construct sentences
- C) understand accents
- D) speak fluently

91. I should have sent him an invitation. This sentence expresses -----.

- A) prohibition
- B) deduction
- C) regret
- D) request

92. If I hadn't eaten so much, I wouldn't have been sick. This sentence expresses ---.

- A) regret
- B) deduction
- C) offer
- D) request

93. "I always study hard before a test." In this sentence, which part of speech is the word "before"?

- A) pronoun
- B) preposition
- C) verb
- D) conjunction

94. Which describes a noun or pronoun?

- A) an adverb
- B) an adjective
- C) a proper noun
- D) an interjection

95. Adverbs are words like "quickly" and "quietly" that tell us more about --.

- A) nouns
- B) verbs
- C) prepositions
- D) conjunctions

96. Adjectives are words like "hot" and "loud" that tell us more about -----.

- A) a noun
- B) a verb
- C) an adverb
- D) a conjunction

97. I really must study harder for my next exam. This shows -----.

- A) lack of necessity
- B) regret
- C) ability
- D) inner feeling

98. Different parts of speech have different jobs. What do verbs like "run" and "learn" do?

- A) express things
- B) express actions
- C) tell us more about a noun
- D) express anger

99-A/An ----- shows the reader how you have proved your thesis.

- A) hook
- B) introduction
- C) conclusion
- D) short sentence

100. After lunch, let's go out for a coffee. In this sentence, which part of speech is the word "after"?

- A) pronoun
- B) preposition
- C) verb
- D) adverb

101-A/An ----- is an opening statement that helps to catch the reader's attention.

- A) hook
- B) question
- C) conclusion
- D) exclamation

102-Which of the following sentences shows regret?

- A) I hope you'll enjoy your vacation
- B) If only he could speak French.
- C) I wish I hadn't spent all my money last week.
- D) I wish he wouldn't shout at me.

103-Which of the following shows suggestion?

- A) What does your father do?
- B) How was your flight?
- C) Let's play chess.
- D) Where does he come from?

104-Which of the following expresses a request?

- A) Would you mind opening the door for me, please?
- B) Shall I open the door for you?
- C) Why didn't you study harder?
- D) Give me all your money or I'll kill you.

105-Which of the following expresses an order?

- A) Can you come here please?
- B) Will you shut the door please?
- C) Do you think you could do this photocopying for me?
- D) Don't move.

106-I took two days off this week just to relax. The phrasal verb 'take off' here means -----.

- A) remove clothes
- B) suddenly become successful
- C) leave the ground
- D) not go to work for a period of time.

107-It's too cold. Don't take off your jacket. The phrasal verb 'take off' here means -----.

- A) remove clothes
- B) suddenly become successful
- C) leave the ground
- D) not go to work for a period of time.

108-Her medical career took off after she performed an open heart surgery. The phrasal verb 'took off' here means -----.

- A) came to an end
- B) was not appreciated
- C) suddenly became successful
- D) helped her to earn a little money

109-After the festival, the food and drink are given out to the poor. In this sentence, the phrasal verb 'give out' means to -----.

- A) sell something to someone
- B) take something from someone
- C) stop doing something
- D) give something to several people

110-The fire gave off a lot of heat. In this sentence, the phrasal verb 'give off' means to -----.

- A) destroy
- B) produce
- C) bring
- D) stop

111- The children gave away their toys for a charity. In this sentence, the phrasal verb 'give away' means to -----.

- A) buy something
- B) steal something
- C) sell something to someone
- D) give something without asking for money

112- I tried the puzzle but gave up, as it was too difficult. In this sentence, the phrasal verb 'give up' means to -----.

- A) ask someone to do something
- B) admit that you can't do something
- C) feel proud because you have achieved something
- D) deny that you have failed to do something

113- Proofreading means examining your text carefully to -----.

- A) find and correct errors and mistakes
- B) change several sentences
- C) change the topic sentence
- D) change the supporting details

114. Sally knocked on the door, but nobody answered. The word 'but' here is a/an -----.

- A) adverb
- B) adjective
- C) conjunction
- D) interjection

115-The young woman said, "I won't sign these papers." This means that she -----.

- A) denied signing the papers
- B) would sign the papers later
- C) refused to sign the papers
- D) admitted signing the papers

116. Wow! Look at that! The word 'Wow' here is a/an ---.

- A) interjection
- B) preposition
- C) pronoun
- D) conjunction

117-Which of the following can be used for sending text messages online

- A) Email
- B) website
- C) blog
- D) landline phone

118-One or more ----- can be attached to any email message.

- A) postcards
- B) files
- C) message
- D) letter

119-When we write emails, which are usually sent to universities or colleges, we mostly use -----.

- A) Formal style
- B) Informal style
- C) semi-formal style
- D) Indian English

120-A good way to start a formal email is by writing -----.

- A) Dear Sir
- B) Hi Nora
- C) Are you the manager?
- D) Are you Robert?

121-A good way to end a formal email is by writing -----.

- A) Sincerely
- B) Permanently
- C) Suddenly
- D) Actually

122-Who would the ending "see you soon" be most appropriate for?

- A) Your husband or wife
- B) Your boss
- C) Your client
- D) Your friend

123-When you attach a file to an email, you can mention this with these words:

- A) Please, look down
- B) Please, look up
- C) Please, find attached
- D) Please, look for the attachment

124-A narrative essay -----.

- A) tells a story about a real-life experience
- B) describes a person, place or object
- C) explains a topic using facts, examples and statistics
- D) tries to convince the reader to accept the writer's opinion or recommendation

125-A descriptive essay -----.

- A) tells a story about a real-life experience
- B) describes a person, place or object
- C) explains a topic using facts, examples and statistics
- D) tries to convince the reader to accept the writer's opinion or recommendation

126-A persuasive essay -----.

- A) tells a story about a real-life experience
- B) describes a person, place or object
- C) explains a topic using facts, examples and statistics
- D) tries to convince the reader to accept the writer's opinion or recommendation

127-An expository essay -----.

- A) tells a story about a real-life experience
- B) describes a person, place or object
- C) explains a topic using facts, examples and statistics
- D) tries to convince the reader to accept the writer's opinion or recommendation

128-The stars were visible that night. The prefix that gives the opposite meaning of 'visible' is -----.

- A) -un
- B) -dis
- C) -in
- D) -il

129-'Remove' is a verb. What is the noun?

- A) Removed
- B) Removal
- C) Removable
- D) Unmoved

130-The word 'secretary' is a noun. What is the adjective?

- A) secrete
- B) sectarian
- C) secretarial
- D) seasonal

131. The house was partially destroyed by the explosion. The closest antonym to the word 'partially' is -----.

- A) Nearly
- B) Entirely
- C) Suddenly
- D) Hardly

132. The traffic is much worse after five o'clock. The closest antonym to the word 'worse' is -----.

- A) Best
- B) Well
- C) Worst
- D) Better

133-'I usually have my apartment cleaned every three days.' This means that:

- A) Someone cleans my apartment every three days
- B) I allow someone clean my apartment every three days
- C) I clean my apartment every three days
- D) My apartment was cleaned 3 days ago

134. A word that describes an action or state is -----.

- A) a verb
- B) an adverb
- C) a noun
- D) a preposition

135. Which are prepositions?

- A) be, go, do
- B) but, so, or
- C) behind, next to, against
- D) myself, himself, themselves

136-You can use “on the one hand ... on the other hand” in an essay when you want to -----.

- A) express purpose
- B) compare two different ideas
- C) give several examples
- D) show regret

137-When writing an essay, we use ----- to introduce the result of something.

- A) consequently
- B) although
- C) in addition to
- D) enough

138-Which of the following is structurally correct?

- A) If one fails, then you must try harder next time.
- B) If one fails, then he must try harder next time.
- C) If one fails, then she must try harder next time.
- D) If one fails, then one must try harder next time.

139-Which of the following is structurally correct?

- A) Everyone benefits from space technology in their everyday lives.
- B) Everyone benefits from space technology in his everyday lives.
- C) Everyone benefits from space technology in our everyday lives.
- D) Everyone benefits from space technology in theirs everyday lives.

140- She used to be a famous actress. This sentence means that -----.

- A) She is going to be a famous actress
- B) She is used to being a famous actress
- C) She isn't a famous actress any more
- D) She wasn't a famous actress but now she is

141-Which of the following is structurally correct?

- A) The author, that works are widely read, won an important award.
- B) The author, who works are widely read, won an important award.
- C) The author, whose works are widely read, won an important award.
- D) The author, which works are widely read, won an important award.

142-It's years since I rode a bike. This sentence means -----.

- A) I haven't ridden a bike before.
- B) I haven't ridden a bike for years
- C) I still ride a bike
- D) I have just ridden a bike

143- Russia is such a big country that it has eleven time zones. This sentence means that -----.

- A) Russia is too big that it has eleven time zones
- B) Russia is big enough that it has eleven time zones
- C) Russia is so big that it has eleven time zones
- D) Russia is very big that it has eleven time zones

144-Which of the following is punctuated correctly?

- A) John announced, "The library is closing in five minutes."
- B) John announced "The library is closing in five minutes"
- C) John announced The library is closing in five minutes."
- D) John announced "The library is closing in five minutes.

145-Select the most appropriate synonym of 'Catastrophic'

- A) Disastrous
- B) Mysterious
- C) Tough
- D) Delicate

146-Which of the following is punctuated correctly?

- A) She was, as a matter of fact, mainly interested in showing off her vocabulary.
- B) She was, as a matter of fact mainly interested in showing off her vocabulary.
- C) She was as a matter of fact, mainly interested in showing off her vocabulary.
- D) She was as a matter of fact mainly interested in showing off her vocabulary.

147-Which of the following is correctly punctuated?

- A) Nora said, "Why are you so late for the meeting, Robert?"
- B) Nora said Why are you so late for the meeting, Robert?
- C) Nora said "Why are you so late for the Meeting, Robert?"
- D) Nora said "why are you so late for the meeting Robert?"

148-Which of the following is structurally correct?

- A) Mary wishes she would listen to what her mother told her last week.
- B) Mary wishes she could listen to what her mother told her last week.
- C) Mary wishes she had listened to what her mother told her last week.
- D) Mary wishes she was listening to what her mother told her last week.

149- She can't have driven there. Her car keys are still here. This means that -----.

- A) It is probable that she drove there
- B) It is almost certain that she didn't drive there
- C) She shouldn't have driven there.
- D) She mustn't drive there

150-Which of the following is correctly punctuated?

- A) Even though she was older Mona was still, scared of the dark.
- B) Even though, she was older Mona was still scared of the dark.
- C) Even though she was older, Mona was still scared of the dark.
- D) Even though she was older Mona, was still scared of the dark.

References:

- Get Writing: Paragraphs and Essays, 3rd edition, By Mark Connelly

<https://www.mediafire.com/file/pn9lgsxvbsjnlzi/Get+Writing+Paragraphs+and+Essays+by+Mark+Connelly.pdf/file>

-Hello! Year 3 (SB + WB)

-Different dictionaries (Oxford, Collins, Longman, Macmillan, Merriam Webster & Cambridge)

-Longman exercises, Revision 1 + Revision 2

-Various internet websites

Model Answers:

1	c- I listen to the radio to improve my listening skill	2	c- a formal email
3	d-thesis statement	4	b-summarize the main points
5	b-despite the efforts exerted	6	d-expressing one main idea
7	c-Nora, why didn't you do the dishes?	8	A) Mother said, "Why didn't you do the dishes, Nora?"
9	D) He said if I needed further information, I could call him	10	B) This bottle of medicine has to be shaken before it is used.
11	D) Before	12	C) After
13	C) contrast two ideas or statements	14	C) Modern technology provides us with easier, faster and more effective communication.
15	B) but, so, or	16	C) conjunctions
17	B) be	18	C) -ing
19	A) imperative	20	C) an intransitive verb
21	B) be, seem, look	22	A) should
23	D) interjection	24	A) turn on
25	A) Interjection	26	C) bravest and most bravely
27	B) clearer and more clearly	28	B) The manager asked, "Why are our profits down?"
29	D) If you're self-employed, it's a whole new world out there.	30	C) It rained all day yesterday.
31	B) this, these, those	32	A) a capital letter
33	B) Two teas and a cheese roll	34	D) It doesn't make sense.
35	B) May I request a copy of your catalogue?	36	A) I look forward to hearing from you.
37	B) I would like to apply for the job advertised.	38	B) a verb

39	a) Scientists have recently developed nanotechnology capable of computation at the atomic level.	40	c) The Concord, which was the world's fastest jet, could reach New York from London is approximately 2 and 1/2 hours.
41	b) the merits of nanotechnology	42	d) summarize its content
43	a) give examples	44	c) multilingual
45	a) educated	46	a) Global English
47	c) native language	48	a) active voice
49	c) asking a question	50	A) My sister

51	C) a new computer	52	B) parts of speech
53	B) plural	54	C) He took the drug because he was not aware of its side effects
55	A) articles	56	B) contractions
57	B) proper nouns	58	C) compound nouns
59	A) conjunctions	60	C) phrasal verbs
61	A) idioms	62	C) synonyms
63	B) past participles	64	B) present perfect
65	A) past perfect continuous + past simple	66	C) months of the year
67	B) I have hardly started to think about my exam.	68	A) The candidate promised not to raise taxes when elected.
69	D) The suspects were questioned by the detectives right after the crime was committed.	70	B) Nora, whose research on health effects of air pollution was well-known, was invited to speak at a conference.
71	B) unbelievable	72	D) limited
73	A) smell	74	C) odd

75	C) incorrect	76	D) Delete
77	A) Encourage	78	D) Ordinary
79	C) Unlucky	80	B) gladly
81	C) a noun	82	A) proper nouns
83	B) The Eiffel Tower is as popular a tourist attraction as the Leaning Tower of Pisa.	84	A) It is certain that Chinese is more difficult to learn than English.
85	C) He will be fired if he doesn't do his job well.	86	A) I didn't know that you wanted to read the book, so I didn't return it immediately.
87	C) Children brought up in a home where two parents work is a difficult task indeed.	88	D) It was such bad weather that we decided to cancel the party.
89	A) an	90	B) construct sentences
91	C) regret	92	A) regret
93	B) preposition	94	B) an adjective
95	B) verbs	96	A) a noun
97	D) inner feeling	98	B) express actions
99	C) conclusion	100	B) preposition

101	A) hook	102	C) I wish I hadn't spent all my money last week.
103	C) Let's play chess.	104	A) Would you mind opening the door for me, please?
105	D) Don't move.	106	D) not go to work for a period of time
107	A) remove clothes	108	C) suddenly became successful
109	D) give something to several people	110	B) produce
111	D) give something without asking for money	112	B) admit that you can't do something

113	A) find and correct errors and mistakes	114	C) conjunction
115	C) refused to sign the papers	116	A) interjection
117	A) Email	118	B) files
119	A) Formal style	120	A) Dear Sir
121	A) Sincerely	122	D) Your friend
123	C) Please, find attached	124	A) tells a story about a real-life experience
125	B) describes a person, place or object	126	D) tries to convince the reader to accept the writer's opinion or recommendation
127	C) explains a topic using facts, examples and statistics	128	C) –in
129	B) Removal	130	C) secretarial
131	B) Entirely	132	D) Better
133	A) Someone cleans my apartment every three days	134	A) a verb
135	C) behind, next to, against	136	B) compare two different ideas
137	A) consequently	138	D) If one fails, then one must try harder next time.
139	A) Everyone benefits from space technology in their everyday lives.	140	C) She isn't a famous actress any more
141	C) The author, whose works are widely read, won an important award.	142	B) I haven't ridden a bike for years
143	C) Russia is so big that it has eleven time zones	144	A) John announced, "The library is closing in five minutes."
145	A) Disastrous	146	A) She was, as a matter of fact, mainly interested in showing off her vocabulary.
147	A) Nora said, "Why are you so	148	C) Mary wishes she had

	late for the meeting, Robert?"		listened to what her mother told her last week.
149	B) It is almost certain that she didn't drive there	150	C) Even though she was older, Mona was still scared of the dark.

تمنياتنا لكل الزملاء الأفاضل
وأبنائنا الطلاب بالتوفيق
بإذن الله

Mr. Essam Wahba

Essam